

THE SMOKY HILL AND REPUBLICAN UNION.

"WE JOIN OURSELVES TO NO PARTY THAT DOES NOT CARRY THE FLAG, AND KEEP STEP TO THE MUSIC OF THE UNION."

Volume II.

JUNCTION CITY, KANSAS, SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1863.

Number 10.

Smoky Hill and Repub'n Union,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
WM. S. BLAKELY, - - - GEO. W. MARTIN,
At Junction City, Kansas.

OFFICE IN BRICK BUILDING, CORNER OF
SEVENTH & WASHINGTON STS.

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the art.
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Legal Advertisements.

Sheriff's Sale.

Richard Byrnes, Plaintiff,
vs.
John McLaughlin, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an
Order of Sale, to me directed and delivered,
issued out of the Third District Court for Davis
county, in the above entitled case, I will, on
Tuesday, the 24th day of January, A. D. 1863,
at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the door of the Court
House in Junction City, Davis county, offer for
sale at Public Auction, for cash in hand, all the
right, title and interest of the above named
John McLaughlin, in and to the following de-
scribed Real Estate, to-wit: The north half of
the southeast quarter and the southwest quar-
ter of the southeast quarter of section No.
twenty-four, in township No. eleven, south of
range No. four, east, in the State of Kansas;

Given under my hand at the city of
Junction this 27th day of Dec., A. D.
1862.

A. W. CALLEN,
Sheriff of Davis Co.

n9-6tpf \$10.50

Sheriff's Sale.

Richard Byrnes, Plaintiff,
vs.
Frederick Kern, Catharine
Kern, William Allingham,
Margaret Allingham and Robert
Allingham, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an
Order of Sale, issued out of the above named
court, in the above entitled case, and to me di-
rected and delivered, I will, on Friday, the 24
day of February, A. D. 1863, at 2 o'clock, P.
M., of said day, at the door of the Court House
in Junction City, Davis county, offer for sale at
Public Auction, for cash in hand, all the right,
title and interest of the above named defendants
in and to the following described Real Estate, to-
wit: The Southwest quarter of section No.
fifteen, in township No. eleven, south of range
No. seven, east, in the county of Davis and
State of Kansas. Said lands will be sold to
the highest bidder therefor, to satisfy said Or-
der of Sale.

Given under my hand at the city of
Junction this 27th day of Dec., A. D.,
1862.

A. W. CALLEN,
Sheriff of Davis Co.

n9-6tpf \$10.50.

Notice.

Samuel A. Stinson & Eugene
F. Havens, Plaintiffs,
vs.
Charles W. Tozer, Defendant.

In the Third
Judicial District
Court, within
and for the
county of Davis, State of Kansas.

The above named defendant, Charles W. To-
zer, who has been notified that the said plaintiffs,
Samuel A. Stinson and Eugene F. Havens, did,
on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1862, file
in the Clerk's office of the aforesaid court, their
petition, setting forth that the said Charles W.
Tozer gave a mortgage to Abraham B. Sands,
now deceased, on the following lands and tenements
lying and being in Davis county, State of
Kansas, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots
eight (8), nine (9), and sixteen (16), of section
No. twenty-eight (28), and lots two (2) and
seven (7), of section thirty-three (33), of town-
ship twelve (12), south of range No. five (5),
east of the Sixth Principal Meridian in the
State of Kansas, to secure the payment of one
hundred and sixty-five dollars, with interest at
the rate of four per cent per month, from the
15th day of September, A. D. 1859, according
to a certain promissory note referred to in said
mortgage; and also setting forth that since the
execution of said mortgage that the said Abraham
B. Sands has departed this life, and that the
executors of the said Abraham B. Sands have
since transferred and assigned said note and
mortgage to the said plaintiffs, and also
praying that the said Charles W. Tozer may
pay said sum now claimed to be due, with in-
terest at the rate of four per cent per month,
from the said 15th day of September, A. D.
1859; and the said Charles W. Tozer is notified
that he is required to appear and answer said
petition on or before the Second day of March,
A. D. 1863.

SAMUEL A. STINSON &
EUGENE F. HAVENS,
By JULIUS E. HIBBARD, their Att'y

DAKE BROTHERS,
BOOKSELLERS,
Stationers and
PAPER DEALERS,
School Books, Blank Books,
every description of
PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER,
PRINTERS'
Furnishing & Paper Warehouse
67 DELAWARE STREET, BET. 3d & 4th,
Leavenworth, Kansas.

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR RAGS.

Legal Advertisements.

Sheriff's Sale.

J. E. Hibbard, Plaintiff,
vs.
Pardon Davis, Defendant.

By virtue of an Execution to me directed and
delivered, issued out of the above named Court,
I will, on

SATURDAY, the 24th day of JANUARY, 1863,
between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4
o'clock, P. M., of said day, at the door of the
County Clerk's office, in the city of Manhattan,
(there being no Court House) offer at Public
Auction, to the highest and best bidder, for
cash in hand, all the right, title and interest of
the above named defendant to the following
described property, to-wit: Lots No. 17, 18,
19 and 20, Sec. six, and lot six, Sec. seven,
Township ten, Range eight, East; to be sold
to satisfy said judgment.

SAM'L LONG,
Sheriff of Riley Co.

By C. T. BRIGGS, Under Sheriff
Sheriff's Office, Manhattan City, Dec. 19th,
A. D. 1862. [n8-6tpf \$10.50]

Sheriff's Sale.

John Bitter, Plaintiff,
vs.
Isaac W. Martin, Defendant.

By virtue of an Order of Sale to me directed
and delivered, issued out of said Court, I will,
on

SATURDAY, the 24th day of JANUARY, 1863,
between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4
o'clock, P. M., of said day, at the door of the
County Clerk's office, in the city of Manhattan,
(there being no Court House) offer at Public
Auction, to the highest and best bidder, for
cash in hand, all the right, title and interest of
the above named defendant to the following
described property, to-wit: The south east quar-
ter of Section thirty-one, Township ten, south
of Range six, Riley county, State of Kansas;
to be sold to satisfy said judgment.

SAM'L LONG,
Sheriff of Riley County.

By C. T. BRIGGS, Under Sheriff
Sheriff's Office, Manhattan City, Dec. 19th,
A. D. 1862. [n8-6tpf \$10.50]

Sheriff's Sale.

Ambrose Todd, Plaintiff,
vs.
B. M. Weldon and
Henry Strong, Defendants.

By virtue of an Order of Sale to me directed
and delivered, issued out of the above named
Court, I will, on

SATURDAY, the 24th day of JANUARY, 1863,
between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4
o'clock, P. M., of said day, at the door of the
County Clerk's office, in the city of Manhattan,
(there being no Court House) offer at Public
Auction, to the highest and best bidder, for
cash in hand, all the right, title and interest of
the above named defendants to the following
described property, to-wit: South-
east quarter of section thirty-six, township nine
range seven, east of the Sixth principal meri-
dian, in the State of Kansas, containing 160
acres; to be sold to satisfy said judgment.

SAM'L LONG,
Sheriff of Riley County.

By C. T. BRIGGS, Under Sheriff
Sheriff's Office, Manhattan City, Dec. 19th,
A. D., 1863. [n8-6tpf \$10.50]

Appraisement Notice.

State of Kansas, ss.
Davis County.

Geo. W. Kingsbury: You are hereby notified
that on Tuesday, the 30th day of December, A.
D. 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., I will, upon the
premises, levy on and appraise according to
law, the following described Real Estate, to-
wit: Lot 6 in block 38, lot 18 in block 27, lot
17 in block 15, lot 6 in block 7, lot 10 in block
20, and lot 11 in block 20, situated in Cuddy's
Addition to Junction City, and lot 17 in block
60, in Junction City, in the county of Davis
and State of Kansas. Said land will be levied
on and appraised by virtue of an Order of Sale
issued from the 3d District Court for Davis
county and others attached, in the State of
Kansas, in favor of Wm. S. Blakely, and against
the above named Geo. W. Kingsbury, at which
time and place you can attend if you think
proper. Given under my hand this 6th day of
December, A. D. 1862.

A. W. CALLEN,
Sheriff of Davis Co.

n6-4tpf \$5.]

Appraisement Notice.

State of Kansas, ss.
Davis County.

Waters W. Herbert: You are hereby notified
that by virtue of an Order of Sale, issued from
the 3d District Court for Davis Co. et al attached,
in the State of Kansas, in favor of Wm. Streeter,
and against Waters W. Herbert, I will, upon the
premises, on Wednesday, the 14th day of
January, A. D. 1863, at or about 10 o'clock,
A. M., levy on and have appraised according to
law, the following described Real Estate, to-
wit: Lots 6 and 8 in block 1, lots 8 and 9 in
block 2, lots 1, 3, 6 and 8 in block 4, lots 1, 2,
3 and 9 in block 5, lots 2, 9 and 19 in block 7,
lots 8 and 19 in block 8, lots 14 and 15 in block
9, lots 11 and 18 in block 13, lots 16 and 18 in
block 14, lots 18 and 19 in block 22, lots 17
and 19 in block 24, lots 6 and 7 in block 27, and
lot 17 in block 29, situated in Cuddy's Addition
to Junction City, in the county of Davis and
State of Kansas, at which time and place you
can attend if you think proper. Given under
my hand at the city of Junction, this 6th day
of December, A. D. 1862.

A. W. CALLEN,
Sheriff of Davis Co.

n6-4tpf \$7.50]

NOTICE OF APPRAISEMENT.

State of Kansas, ss.
Ellis County.

Ellis Connelly: You are hereby notified that
on Monday, the 29th day of December, 1862,
at 10 o'clock, A. M., I will, upon the premises,
levy on and have appraised according to law,
the following described Real Estate, to-wit:
Lots No. 6 and 7, in block No. 8, with the ap-
portionances thereon, in Cuddy's Addition to
Junction City, in the county of Davis and State
of Kansas. Said land will be levied on and
appraised by virtue of an Order of Sale issued
from the 3d District Court for Davis county,
with others attached, in the State of Kansas,
in favor of John Lindsey, and against the
above named Ellis Connelly, at which time and
place you can attend if you think proper. Given
under my hand this 6th day of December,
A. D. 1862.

A. W. CALLEN,
Sheriff of Davis Co.

n6-4tpf \$5.00]

The Union.

JUNCTION, SATURDAY, JAN. 3, 1863.

THE BATTLE OF PRAIRIE GROVE.

[We have received the following private letter
which we venture to make public, which act we
hope the writer will forgive. It contains much
of interest regarding the late battle, and will no
doubt be eagerly perused by our readers.—Eds.]

CAMP SECOND KAN. VOL., NEAR RAY'S
MILLS, BARTON CO., ARK., Dec. 9, 1862.

FRIEND B—The "Army of the Frontier,"
commanded by Brig. Gen. Blunt, has achieved
another great victory, and struck for the Union
another blow, that will be felt even to the centre
of the already tottering confederacy.

On the morning of Dec. 1st, Gen. Blunt re-
ceived the following telegram:

"Headquarters, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 1, 1862.
To Brig. Gen. Blunt:

I tender to you and the officers and men under
your command my thanks for your bravery and
gallantry, and success in the battles of Old Fort
Wayne and Cane Hill, Arkansas. The District
of Western Arkansas is added to your command."
(Signed) S. R. CURTIS, Maj. Gen.

Soon after the battle of Cane Hill the enemy
was largely reinforced by infantry and artillery
under Maj. Gen. Hindman, his whole force not
being less than thirty thousand.

Gen. Blunt's Division not being in sufficient
force to cope with so formidable an enemy, he or-
dered the 2nd and 3d Divs., which Gen. Curtis
had placed under his command, to immediately
reinforce him, which was promptly responded to
and successfully effected.

On the 5th and 6th inst., the advance of Gen.
Blunt's army, Col. Cloud's Brigade, had several
brisk skirmishes each day, and on the evening
of the 6th a part of the 2nd Kansas Cav. and
Co. "H" of the 11th Kansas Infantry engaged a
superior force of the enemy, three miles south of
Boonsboro, killing six and wounding fifteen or
twenty, besides killing twelve horses, our loss
being five wounded.

On the night of the 6th our pickets exchanged
shots with the enemy's sentinels, and on the
morning of the 7th had a severe engagement,
when the enemy fell back, leaving us in posses-
sion of the ground.

About 8 A. M. cannonading was heard on our
left, several miles distant, and soon our whole
force was in column, marching north, as it had
been ascertained that the enemy's whole force
were marching up the Fayetteville road, prob-
ably with the intention of getting in our rear. But
see how beautifully they fooled themselves.—

About 9 A. M. they ran into Gen. Herron's com-
mand at "Prairie Grove," and there commenced
one of the sharpest engagements of the war.

The cavalry of Gen. Herron's command reached
Cane Hill on the evening of the 6th, and as
the enemy advanced up the Fayetteville road,
they captured twenty wagons and 150 of the 1st
Arkansas (Union) Cav., which was a few miles
in advance of Gen. Herron's infantry and artill-
ery.

Gen. Herron, with a force of about 8,000 en-
gaged and fought the whole force of Hindman
from 9 A. M. until 3 P. M., holding his own
ground, and driving the enemy back with heavy
loss at several points.

About 3 P. M. and at the time when the fight
between Gens. Herron and Hindman raged the
hottest, Gen. Blunt's Division, he commanding
in person, came pouring in on the enemy's left,
and immediately engaged him with his whole
force, which drew the enemy's attention and fire
from Herron's wearied troops, who had been suc-
cessfully contending for six long hours with
such overwhelming numbers. The enemy's
whole attention now seemed turned to his left,
which was hotly pressed by Col. Weir and
Cloud's Brigade. Gen. Blunt advanced his
infantry, dismounted cavalry and light artillery,
while his batteries (Rabb's, Allen's and Hop-
kin's) took position in the open field—the enemy
being in the timber—and played with terrible
effect upon the rebel ranks.

Thus incessantly until night closed upon the
bloody scene raged the contest, the enemy pour-
ing in his thousands that fought like veterans,
but they faced those that fought with more de-
termination and bravery, and even with their
advantage of numbers and position they failed,
and were defeated with heavy loss.

The last hour's fighting was the hottest that I
ever saw, and the closing scene the most magnif-
icent. Night had cast a deep shade around the
contending armies, but still the battle raged
increased, and the whole scene was most mag-
nificently illuminated by "bombs bursting in
air," and the blaze that gushed from the thou-
sands of iron mouths on either side, placing the
grand and awful scene beyond all description,
and making it an epoch in the history of thou-
sands that will never be forgotten.

Slowly our forces fell back out of the woods.
The enemy pressed on encouraged, until within
a few yards of our line of artillery, when it
opened upon them such a destructive fire that it
was impossible for humanity to stand the storm
of shell and canister, and after manfully con-
tending against it for two or three minutes, they
fell back out of range, and thus closed the scene
for the night.

While this was going on in our centre, there
was some of the rarest artillery practice com-
ing off on our right that I ever witnessed. It
was between Allen's Kansas Battery and a rebel
battery. They were stationed about twelve hun-
dred yards apart. The rebel battery opened
first, while Allen's was in column, and killed
one and wounded nine of his men; but they
soon paid for their audacity, for Allen soon
opened on them in fine style. It was quite dark
and as the cannon belched forth its fire and
smoke, and the shells burst in the air, it was
one of the most splendid pieces of fire-work that
was ever witnessed on this continent. The
rebels stood their ground well until Allen's gun-
ners got the exact range, and then, as shell after

shell burst in their very jaws, they were com-
pelled to abandon their position and seek refuge
in the woods.

All was now quiet except a few shots fired
occasionally here and there at stragglers that
in the darkness had got lost, and were trying to
find their command. Our line, after resting an
hour or so, fell back about fifteen hundred yards
on an elevation, and rested for the night, expect-
ing that on the morning the contest would be
renewed. But it seems that Gen. Hindman
thought quite different; for at 10 P. M. he had
all his artillery muffled with blankets, so as not
to be heard, and had it, with his other forces in
full retreat all night, he, with a small force, re-
maining and exchanging flags of truce with our
generals, giving them to understand that he still
occupied the field with his command.

The night and following day was occupied in
caring for the wounded and burying the dead.

Our loss will not exceed one hundred killed
and three hundred wounded, while that of the
enemy is not less than five hundred killed and
eight hundred wounded. Our whole force en-
gaged was about 10,000, while that of the enemy
was at least 20,000. They had about fifteen
pieces of artillery and we had about thirty. The
most of their infantry were armed with excellent
rifles, and cartridges of English manufacture.

Artillery changed hands several times during
the day. At one time Gen. Herron's command
took a rebel battery, but when Blunt's Division
came on to the field, he, supposing it to be re-
inforcements for the enemy, fell back a few hun-
dred yards for a better position, and was
compelled to abandon the guns, as the horses
were all killed, and it again fell into the hands
of the enemy. And two pieces of light artillery
that belonged to the cavalry were captured by
the enemy and recaptured by our troops a short
time after. So on the whole we are just even,
except that the enemy had one piece dismounted
and left everything except the piece itself, and
also left two caissons and one horse and several
sets of artillery harness, the horses being killed.

The loss of the Second Kansas was not great.
About twenty were wounded and three killed.
Our friend, Jons S. Ross, was one of the killed.
He was shot through the head and must have
been killed instantly. He was a brave man and
good soldier, and, poor fellow, he fills a soldier's
grave.

"E" Co. also lost another in killed, Le-
vied H. Stout, attached to Battery Co. He was
buried in the same grave with Ross. Sergeant
Mearns is severely wounded; also your friend
"Braon" and Jons MILLER (since dead) of
Junction, all of whom I think will recover.

Captain Russell (since dead) is also very danger-
ously wounded, but there is some hope of his
recovery.

Perhaps you would like to hear what "Sro-
va's" Battery was doing during the engagement.
Well, I do not wish to boast, but it is said that
the Howitzers played well their part, and the
rebels say that the artillery the "Feds" had in
the brush give them h—l; but they also gave me
nearly h—l, as the battered carriages of the
little "Bull Eyes" will show. They wounded
two of my men, and shot five of my horses, but
I am of the opinion that it cost them all it was
worth. I do not believe in profanity, but when
they shot my favorite horse I swore just a little.
Beats was one of my gunners and fought like
an old veteran, and came off without a scratch.

All speak in the highest terms of Gen. Blunt.
He believes in fighting, and does it himself too.
He carries a revolving rifle, and I have seen him
dismount and pitch into the fight, and encourage
the men to follow him. He is very plain spoken
and to the point. After the fight of last Sunday,
on the morning of the 8th, the two Generals,
Blunt and Hindman, met under a flag of truce to
settle some points in regard to the prisoners and
the wounded, and in their conversation Hind-
man asked for an armistice of two days. Gen.
Blunt said that he would grant one of twelve
hours. Hindman replied and said that he was
not there to beg, when Blunt said: "By —
General, if you don't like the terms I will fight
you in thirty minutes." Hindman concluded to
accept the terms, and took advantage of the
armistice and ran away.

Col. Cloud is also very popular, and the rebels
fear him more than the Missourians do Jennison.
The Second Kansas has, I think, sustained well
its reputation, and I do not believe that you will
be ashamed to own that you were one of its
members.

Byron Alden.

THE "DIVINE INSTITUTION."

Burleigh, the New York correspondent of the
Boston Journal, tells the following anecdote:

"George Francis Train is here amusing
our citizens in the debate with C. M. Clay.
One of the best things said, was uttered by
an old man in the further part of the hall.
Train was showing the benign influence of
slavery, and wound up the climax with the
remark, 'Slavery is a divine institution.'
'So is hell,' said the old man, and the
house came down."

Beecher says: "The devil does not
trap us twice alike. If yesterday he came
through vanity, to-day he will come through
pride. If to-day he comes on one side, to-
morrow he will come on another. And we
are always watching for him at the hole he
came in last, while he is digging a new
one."

Miss Olive Fuller, of Marston Mills,
Me., who had attained the great age of one
hundred and three years and seven months,
died on Thursday of last week. She re-
tained her faculties, except the sense of
hearing, to a remarkable degree, up to the
time of her death.

COMMON WASTE—Five dollars worth of
beaver on fire costs worth of brains.

CHRONICLES OF THE REBELLION.

BY FREEDOM-BELLER.

CHAPTER I.

1. In the tenth month, of the fourth
year, of the reign of Jeems, surnamed Bu-
channan, certain men of Dixie, of the tribe
of Calboun, rose up, and said unto Jeems,
give us a King to rule over us, from the
wise men of the South.

2. And divide the land with us, and give
us dominion over all the land South of the
river Ohio, even unto the great Gulf, which
is called Mexico, and from the sea coast
westward, to the setting of the sun, beyond
the wilderness which borders on the father
of waters.

3. A land wherein is great riches, gold,
silver and precious stones; wine, oil, and
cotton; men-servants, and maid-servants.

4. And moreover, the children of Ethi-
opia are held in bondage in the land of
Dixie; inasmuch that they be more than
the white men of the land.

5. And Jeems the King, answered the
strong men of Dixie, and said, I am a man
well stricken in years, and my strength has
departed from me, and the marrow of my
bones has dried up, and because of mine
infirmities, I can no more smite mine ene-
mies with the sword.

6. Come up, therefore, and possess the
land, according to the bounds which ye have
set unto it; and choose ye a King from
among the Princes of the chivalry.

7. Now the time drew nigh, when Jeems
should give up the Kingdom to Abraham,
according to the tradition of the fathers;
and the people began to assemble them-
selves together to hear the words which
Abraham the King should speak. And so
Abraham reigned in his stead.

8. Now the rulers of Dixie besought
Abraham to give them dominion over the
land, even as Jeems had divided it unto
them.

9. And Abraham said, Nay! Every
place that the sole of your feet shall tread
upon, of the land which the Lord God hath
given us, it shall not be divided.

10. And it came to pass that Abraham
the King, adjured the people of the land
of Dixie, and said, cursed be the man before
the Lord, that riseth up and corrupteth the
hearts of my people, and stirreth up rebel-
lion in the land.

11. So the Lord was with Abraham, and
his fame was noised throughout the land.

12. Now it came to pass, when the chiv-
alry heard these things, they waxed exceed-
ing wroth, and they straightway assembled
themselves together, in their chief cities, to
cast lots for a King, to rule over them in
Dixie.

13. And the lot fell on Jeff, whose sur-
name is Davis, a mighty man of valor, who
slew the children of the Aztecs in the
mountains of Buena Vista.

14. And Jeff rent his clothes, and fell
on his face at eyentide, he and the chiefs
and elders of Dixie; and when he rose up
he cried aloud in the midst of the people
saying: The Abolitionists of the North,
they be upon us, to despoil us of our rig-
gers. So the men of war throughout all
the land of Dixie, of the age of fourteen
years and upward, went out to battle.

15. Now Dixie was straitly shut up, lest
they should trade with the people of Brit-
tain; none went out, and none came in.

16. And it came to pass that the hosts
of the rebellion drew up in battle array, on
the plains of Manassas; and the armies of
Abraham went out to meet them. And
they fought from noontide, till the going
down of the sun of that day; and no man
numbered the slain on either side, which
lay upon the ground.

17. And the armies of Abraham were
smitten before them, and they fled by the
way of the river towards Washington, and
all the hosts of Jeff pursued after them,
even unto the gates of the city.

18. Now the ambush rose up quickly,
and stretched out their spears, and stopped
their pursuers from following after them;
and the hosts of Abraham lay over against
the hosts of the rebellion, an hundred, four
score, and ten days.

19. Now it came to pass, when they of
the rebellion would cross over the waters of
the rivers, which is called Rappahannock,
because the spring time had come, that
they did not work *wisely*; and made great
logs of wood to look like guns, and did set
them in the forts.

20. And when they had set them, they
rose up on the Sabbath day, and departed
towards Richmond.

21. Now, when Abraham saw Jeff and
all his followers had fled, he took counsel
with the chief Captain of his hosts, whose
name is McClellan, saying, Pursue now
after the armies of the rebellion, by the
river which is called James, and by the
Chickahominy, which washeth the walls of
the city. And McClellan did as Abraham
had commanded.

22. And it came to pass when the heat
of the summer came on, that the plague was
in the camp of McClellan, and forty and
two thousand died. And the armies of